



# Dermatosurgery and Plastic Aesthetic Surgery

Solutions with the CURIS® 4 MHz Radiofrequency Generator





PRECISION ELECTROSURGERY Made in Germany \_\_\_\_\_



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#### CURIS<sup>®</sup> 4 MHz Radiofrequency Generator One unit – many applications

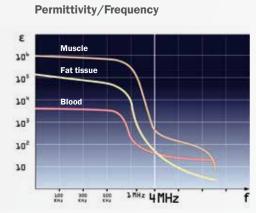


The CURIS<sup>®</sup> 4 MHz radiofrequency generator relies on innovative 4 MHz technology: It is gentle to the tissue and effective for coagulation and cutting. Scientific studies have shown that tissue trauma may be reduced by using CURIS<sup>®</sup> 4 MHz radiofrequency technology.<sup>1</sup>

#### CURIS® 4 MHz Radiofrequency Technology

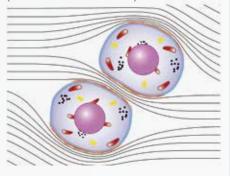
The higher the frequency, the less the resistance of biological tissue to electromagnetic fields – up to the point where cell membranes are capacitively coupled. This effect is created by the CURIS® 4 MHz radiofrequency generator in all monopolar and bipolar modes. When using conventional electrosurgical units the electromagnetic field mainly concentrates between the cells and only heats up the outer layer. However, with the CURIS® 4 MHz radiofrequency generator cell membranes are conductive, and energy is absorbed evenly inside the cells.<sup>2</sup> As a result, energy is administered gently and in a highly focused fashion. Precise monopolar cuts are possible while lateral heat damage is kept to a minimum.<sup>3</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Muehlfay G et al. A study on the type of lesions achieved by three electrosurgical methods and their way of healing. Romanian Journal of Morphology &
- Embryology. 2015; 56(4): 1383-1388
- <sup>2</sup> Holder DS. Electrical Impedance Tomography-Methods, History and Applications. IOP Publishing Ltd. 2005
- <sup>3</sup> Hoffmann TK et al. Comparative analysis of resection tools suited for transoral robot-assisted surgery. European Archives Oto-Rhino-Laryngology. 2014; 271 (5) : 1207-1213
- <sup>4</sup> Hofauer B et al. Radiofrequency in Oral and oropharyngeal tumor surgery. Auris Nasur Larynx, 2020; 47(1):148-153.



This diagram shows the permittivity of tissue, which depends on the frequency of the electromagnetic field.

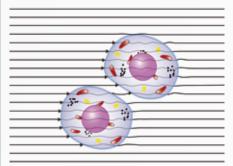
**Conventional electrosurgical units** (between 300 - 500 kHz)



The electromagentic field concentrates mainly between the cells and heats up only the outer layer.

Source: [2] Holde

#### CURIS® 4 MHz Radiofrequency Generator



Cell membranes are conductive and the energy is absorbed evenly inside the cells. The result are highly focused tissue effects.

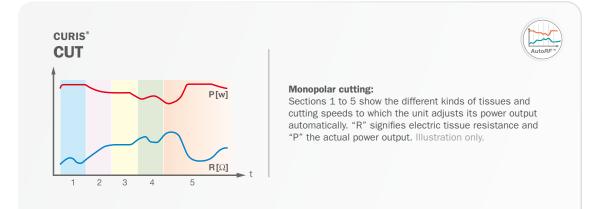
Source: [2] Holder

## Precision thanks to AutoRF™



Auto*RF™* is a smart impedance control function that will tailor the power output of the CURIS<sup>®</sup> 4 MHz radiofrequency generator to the tissue condition. Whether it is cutting through different types of tissue (such as mucosa, muscle, fat or connective tissue) or altering tissue conditions during coagulation, the Auto*RF™* feature will deliver adapted power output as required by the different tissue impedance.

When dissecting different types of tissue in one cut (skin, fat, muscles), the unit has to process and respond to the Auto*RFTM* data in a flash. For this reason, the CURIS<sup>®</sup> 4 MHz radiofrequency generator has two microprocessors for additional safety and speed.





#### p<sup>3™</sup>-Technology

p<sup>3™</sup>, which stands for pulsed power performance, is active in all coagulation modes of the CURIS<sup>®</sup> 4 MHz radiofrequency generator. Radiofrequency energy is delivered in about 50 small packages per second. Due to the pulsed power output, there are short breaks between the individual packages, giving the tissue enough time to absorb the energy. Highly focused, yet gentle coagulation with minimal thermal damage is possible.



#### CURIS<sup>®</sup>: one device - many applications

## Blepharoplasty





78 01 48 SG SuperGliss® non-stick bipolar forceps straight, tips: 0.7 mm, total length: 15.5 cm working length: 4.0 cm

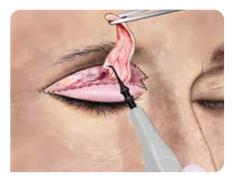
"An established technique for precise cutting and delicate coagulation in plastic and aesthetic surgery: Radiofrequency leads to less lateral tissue damage than conventional electrosurgery. This, in turn, results in improved wound healing and good cosmetic results. Radiofrequency increases the userfriendliness and comfort for the surgeon who is able to work in one uninterrupted go without applying mechanical pressure and with a lower bleeding tendency."



E. Oestreicher, MD Meppen (Germany)



Lower Eyelid Plastic Surgery: Skin incision using ARROW*tip*™ monopolar microdissection electrode (REF: 36 44 21)



Upper Eyelid Plastic Surgery: Skin incision and excision of the skin area using the ARROW*tip*™ monopolar microdissection electrode (REF: 36 44 21)

## Telangiectasia / Spider Veins



36 08 04 Monopolar needle electrode total length: 67 mm



Spider veins before RF treatment. (with monopolar needle electrode, REF: 36 08 04)



"With radiofrequency all types of spider veins can be treated in a fast and cost effective way. The procedure takes only several minutes and effects are instantly visible. Postoperatively there is very little discomfort for the patient."

D. Zavisic, MD Freiburg (Germany)



Surgical site immediately postoperatively.

### **CURIS®** Storage / Transport



36 09 00 Fuego trolley

#### **Fuego Trolley**

The trolley has a solid design and enables that the CURIS® 4 MHz radiofrequency generator will not shift. It also comes with a hook to mount the footswitch.

Two storage baskets for accessories and documentation.



99 01 10 CURIS® trolley case

#### Trolley Case for CURIS<sup>®</sup> 4 MHz radiofrequency generator

The CURIS® trolley case\* is suited to preserve your radiofrequency generator from damage.

\*Not for shipment with parcel services.

# **CURIS®** Technical Data

RF output max.	performance	operating frequency		
monopolar CUT 1 (unmodulated) CUT 2 (modulated) CONTACT (Coag) SOFTSPRAY (Coag) bipolar	100 W ± 20 % 600 Ω 80 W ± 20 % 600 Ω 80 W ± 20 % 400 Ω 60 W ± 20 % 600 Ω	4.0 MHz 4.0 MHz 4.0 MHz 4.0 MHz	Modulation frequency Mains supply Measurements W x H x D Weight Mode of operation Standards Safety class I EMC (Interference suppr.) Type German MPG class. Quality assurance	33 kHz 100-240 V; 50/60 Hz 320 mm x 170 mm x 385 mm approx. 5.0 kg Intermittent INT 10 s / 30 s equals 25 % E DIN EN 60601-1; DIN EN 60601-2-2
BICUT 1 BICUT 2 EXCISE (Cut) MACRO (Coag) PRECISE (Coag) RaVoR™	$\begin{array}{c} 80 \ W \pm 20 \ \% \ 300 \ \Omega \\ 80 \ W \pm 20 \ \% \ 300 \ \Omega \\ 80 \ W \pm 20 \ \% \ 300 \ \Omega \\ 80 \ W \pm 20 \ \% \ 50 \ \Omega \\ 50 \ W \pm 20 \ \% \ 50 \ \Omega \\ 40 \ W \pm 20 \ \% \ 50 \ \Omega \end{array}$	4.0 MHz 4.0 MHz 4.0 MHz 4.0 MHz 4.0 MHz 4.0 MHz		EN 60601-1-2 CF (cardiac floating) defibrillation proof II b EN 13485

Technical data valid from generator version 0604

#### Disclaimer:

The information presented herein has been carefully researched and compiled with the help of specialist physicians. They are not meant to serve as a detailed treatment guide. They do not replace the user instructions for the medical devices used. Sutter accepts no liability for the treatment results beyond the mandatory legal regulations.

The listed working lengths serve as a guideline and may be rounded up or down. The actual lengths may vary slightly.

Products shown in this catalog are subject to regulatory approval in individual markets. Products may therefore not be available in all markets.

# **Basic Equipment**



#### **CURIS® Basic Equipment**

Qty.	REF	Description
1	36 01 00-01 CURIS <sup>®</sup> 4 MHz radiofrequency generator	
		(incl. mains cord, user's manual and test protocol)
1	36 01 10	Foot switch two pedals for ${\rm CURIS}^{\circledast}$ (cut & coag), cable length: 4 m
<b>or</b> 1	36 01 14	Foot switch with two pedals for ${\rm CURIS}^{\circledast}$ (cut & coag) without holding bracket, cable length: 4 m
1	37 01 54 L	Bipolar cable for CURIS <sup>®</sup> , cable length: 3 m
1	36 07 04	Monopolar handpiece (pencil) cut & coag, shaft 2.4 mm, cable legth: 3 m
1	36 02 38	Cable for single-use patient plates, length: cable length: 3 m
1 (x 1	00) <b>29 00-5</b>	Single-use patient plate, split, for adults and children, PU 20 x 5 pcs.

## **CURIS®** – Commonly used unit settings\*

Possible application	Possible instrument	Suggested unit settings				
Dermatology		Suggested unit settings				
Syringoma	Monopolar blade electrode REF 36 04 40	CUT 1 5 - 15 watts				
Spider Nevi, Couperosa	ARROW <i>tip</i> <sup>™</sup> monopolar microdissection electrodes, single-use <b>REF 36 44 20, 36 44 21</b>	CONTACT 5 - 8 watts				
Telangiectasia, Spider Veins	Monopolar needle electrode REF 36 08 04	SOFTSPRAY 3 - 8 watts				
Age Spots	Monopolar loop electrode REF 36 04 43	CUT 1 or SOFTSPRAY 12 - 18 watts				
Birthmarks	$ARROW\mathit{tip}^{TM}$ monopolar microdissection electrode, single-use REF 36 44 20	CUT 1 or CUT 2 20 - 25 watts				
Warts, Fibrosis	Monopolar loop electrode REF 36 04 43	SOFTSPRAY 7 - 25 watts Cut 2: 10 - 25 watts				
Neurofibroma	ARROW tip^m monopolar microdissection electrode, single-use REF 36 44 21	CUT 1 7 - 15 watts				
Papular Melanocytic Nevi	Monopolar ball electrode REF 36 08 16	CONTACT 4 - 6 watts				
Tongue lesions	ARROW <i>tip</i> ™ monopolar microdissection electrode, single-use REF 36 44 42	CUT 1 10 - 18 watts				
Plastic/Aesthetic surgery						
Blepharoplasty for skin incision	ARROW <i>tip</i> <sup>™</sup> monopolar microdissection electrodes / single-use <b>REF 36 44 20, 36 44 21, 36 03 22, 36 03 25</b>	CUT 2 10 - 20 watts				
Blepharoplasty for coagulation	SuperGliss® non-stick bipolar forceps REF 78 01 48 SG	PRECISE 23 watts				
Facelift for skin incision monopolar	ARROW <i>tip</i> ™ monopolar microdissection electrodes, single-use <b>REF 36 44 20, 36 44 21, (36 03 22, 36 03 25)</b>	CUT 1 10 - 18 watts				
Facelift for bipolar coagulation	SuperGliss® non-stick bipolar forceps REF 78 01 52 SG OR 78 01 48 SG	PRECISE 15 - 25 watts OR 10 - 15 watts				
Hand surgery for skin incision monopolar	ARROWtip^m monopolar microdissection electrode, single-use REF 36 44 20	CUT 1 or CUT 2 12 - 18 watts				
Hand surgery for monopolar coagulation	Monopolar ball electrode REF 36 08 16	CONTACT 20 watts OR 5 - 7 watts for slow coagulation				
Hand surgery for bipolar coagulation	SuperGliss® non-stick bipolar forceps REF 78 01 52 SG OR 78 02 38 SG	PRECISE 20 watts 15 - 25 watts				
Breast surgery for skin incision monopolar	ARROWtip^m monopolar microdissection electrodes / single-use REF 36 44 20, 36 03 50	CUT 1 or CUT 2 7 - 15 watts				
Breast surgery for bipolar coagulation	SuperGliss® non-stick bipolar forceps REF 78 01 51 SG OR 78 02 91 SG	PRECISE 15 - 25 watts				

Suggested settings valid for generators from version: 0604

\*Please see disclaimer on page 8. Values are recommendations only and may be changed at the discretion of the physician!





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